

Veer Savarkar's Life is a Symbol of Patriotism; His Magnificent Statue will Inspire Future Generations



Sarv Sahakar, Sarv Sakaar

SAHAKAR JAGRAN

Year: 03 Issue: 09 - December 2025



**India Achieves
Major Milestones in
Security, Economy
and Infrastructure
Development**

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Cooperatives Make Rural Life Easier

In the Indian Republic, the concept of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam—the world as one family—has always held great significance. As a natural extension of this philosophy, cooperatives are visible across almost every sphere connected with the lives of the common people. Even before Independence, cooperative institutions have played a vital role in the country's economy and have made a major contribution to rural development. Cooperative societies encompass almost all activities of the rural economy and therefore possess immense productive capacity. A large part of India's rural economy is influenced by cooperatives, and in one form or another, they touch the lives of nearly every rural household. In the rural milieu, cooperatives have emerged as an important component in enhancing the ease of living. Given their role as a key pillar of the national economy, cooperatives have consistently remained a priority for both the Central and State Governments.

With a GDP of nearly USD 4 trillion, India has emerged as the world's fifth-largest economy, behind only the United States, China, Japan, and Germany. The country is now scripting a new chapter in economic growth, steadily moving towards the goal of becoming a strong USD 5 trillion economy. In this economic journey, the contribution of the cooperative sector is bound to be significant. The cooperative sector works closely with farmers, entrepreneurs, and producers organized across various fields, providing them with the means to achieve economic empowerment. At present, India has around 8.5 lakh cooperative societies with nearly 30 crore members, primarily engaged in activities related to agriculture, horticulture, dairy, livestock, fisheries, sugar, fertilizers, textiles, processed food, and allied sectors.

To achieve the goal of making India a USD 5 trillion economy, the cooperative sector is focusing on three key areas—manufacturing, services, and agriculture. Cooperative societies are supporting the agricultural sector by providing farmers with access to capital, technology, and marketing outlets. By offering shared facilities and improved access to markets, cooperatives are also proving instrumental in the expansion of small manufacturing enterprises. At the same time, they are moving towards delivering better services in areas such as housing, healthcare, and transportation. To actively participate in economic progress, cooperative institutions are embracing digital technologies and innovation, while strengthening governance, management practices, and financial viability.

The cooperative principles of surplus distribution and social responsibility are extremely significant from the perspectives of poverty alleviation and social mobility. Their business model, focused on meeting the essential needs of rural communities, has the potential to generate large-scale employment.

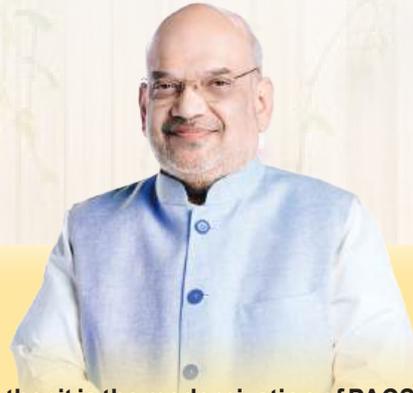
Cooperatives are strengthening gender equality by enhancing the role of women, while also empowering marginalized sections of society and promoting social cohesion. In this context, the three newly established Multi-State Cooperative Societies—the Bharatiya Beej Sahakari Samiti Limited, National Cooperative Organics Limited, and National Cooperative Exports Limited—have already begun operations in their respective domains. By giving concrete shape to the vision of “Prosperity through Cooperation”, these initiatives are poised to become significant milestones in the growth of Indian cooperatives and the Indian economy as a whole. ♦♦♦

Jai Sahakar



Our Government has implemented four labour codes. This is the biggest reform undertaken in the interest of workers since independence. It will greatly empower the country's workers. While this will make compliance with regulations much easier, it will also promote the ease of doing business. Shramev Jayate!

Shri Narendra Modi
Prime Minister of India



Whether it is the modernization of PACS, the formulation of a new National Cooperative Policy, or the foundation of the Tribhuvan Sahkari University, cooperatives under the Modi government are paving the way for new opportunities and prosperity for farmers, livestock farmers, rural youth, and women, and are setting an example for the Indian cooperative model worldwide.

Shri Amit Shah
Union Minister for
Home and Cooperation



Under the strong and visionary leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi and the guidance of Union Minister for Home and Cooperation Shri Amit Shah, the national vision of prosperity through cooperation is transforming into a powerful reality. The establishment of the Ministry of Cooperation is a historic step, providing the necessary institutional impetus and a clear roadmap for building a comprehensive, world-class cooperative system in India by 2047.

Shri Krishan Pal Gurjar
Union Minister of State, Ministry
of Cooperation, GoI



Over the past four years, under the leadership of Union Minister for Home and Cooperation Shri Amit Shah, the cooperative sector has undergone significant transformation. Several important and far-reaching policy decisions have been implemented to strengthen the rural economy. Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) are a key component of the cooperative system, and comprehensive reforms are underway to make them more efficient, modern, and provide multi-sectoral services.

Shri Murlidhar Moho
Union Minister of State, Ministry
of Cooperation, GoI



Women-led dairy cooperatives are becoming key drivers of positive change in rural India. These cooperatives are providing economic opportunities and social prestige, and are accelerating overall development by raising awareness in areas such as milk production, marketing, health, education, and nutrition. Women are no longer merely contributors, but are the driving force behind rural progress, proving that organized women's leadership empowers the development of entire communities.

Ministry of Cooperation,
Government of India



India has Embarked on a Path of New Heights and Progress: Prime Minister

Sahakar Jagran Team

P rime Minister Shri Narendra Modi addressed the media ahead of the Winter

Session of Parliament 2025. He said that the session is not merely a formality, but an important source of renewed energy for the nation's ongoing journey of rapid progress. "It is my firm belief that this session will infuse fresh momentum into the ongoing efforts to accelerate the nation's progress," the Prime Minister said while interacting with the media prior to the commencement of the Winter Session 2025.

Prime Minister Modi stated that India has consistently demonstrated the vitality and spirit of its democratic traditions. Referring to the recently concluded Bihar elections, he lauded the record-breaking voter turnout and described it as strong evidence of the nation's democratic strength.

Highlighting the increasing participation of women voters, the Prime Minister termed it a remarkable and encouraging trend, noting that it brings renewed hope and confidence to the democratic process. As India's democratic institutions continue to grow stronger, he said, the world is closely observing how these democratic systems are also reinforcing the country's economic capabilities. "India has proved that democracy can deliver successful outcomes," the Prime Minister said. "The pace at which India's economic conditions are reaching new heights inspires fresh confidence and provides new



♦ India has proved that democracy can deliver successful outcomes: Prime Minister

strength as we move towards the goal of a Developed India."

Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi urged all political parties to keep the session focused on national interest, constructive deliberations, and policy-driven outcomes. He emphasized that Parliament must remain centred on what it envisions for the nation and what it seeks to achieve for the country. Calling upon the Opposition to fulfil its democratic responsibility, the Prime Minister encouraged it to raise meaningful and substantive issues. He cautioned political parties against allowing the frustration of electoral defeat to dominate parliamentary proceedings. At the same time, Shri Modi stressed that the session should also be free from any display of arrogance arising out of electoral victory. The Winter Session, he said, should reflect balance, responsibility, and the dignity expected of elected representatives.

Appealing to Members of Parliament, the Prime Minister

said that good work being done in the country should be further strengthened, and wherever necessary, constructive and precise criticism should be presented so that citizens receive better information. "This is demanding work, but it is essential for the nation," he remarked.

Expressing concern for young Members of Parliament entering the House for the first time, the Prime Minister noted that many MPs across different parties feel they are not getting adequate opportunities to represent their constituencies or contribute to discussions on national development. He urged all parties to ensure that such MPs are given the platforms they rightly deserve. "Both the House and the nation must benefit from the understanding and energy of the younger generation," he said.

Parliament, the Prime Minister underlined, is meant for policy and outcomes, not for drama or sloganeering. "There is no shortage of other places for drama or slogans," he added. ♦♦♦



Shri Amit Shah inaugurates development projects worth ₹1,500 crore in Ahmedabad

India Achieves Major Milestones in Security, Economy and Infrastructure Development

Sahakar Jagran Team

Gujarat is today progressing at a rapid pace, with development accelerating manifold, as efforts are underway with the resolve to make the Gandhinagar Lok Sabha constituency the most developed region in the country. Union Home and Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah expressed these views while inaugurating and laying foundation stones for various development works of the Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation. Completing 58 development projects worth ₹1,500 crore from a single platform, Shri Shah said that no dimension of development has been left untouched. He noted that the development journey initiated by Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi during his tenure as Chief Minister of Gujarat is being carried forward with full momentum and dedication by Chief Minister Shri Bhupendra Patel.

The world's largest renewable energy park is being developed in Gujarat, while Asia's largest greenfield city is taking shape in Dholera. India's longest expressway, the Surat-Chennai Expressway, originates from Gujarat. The country's first international financial hub, GIFT City, is also located in Gujarat. India's first bullet train project, the Ahmedabad-Mumbai Bullet Train, will commence from here, and the first Namo Rapid Rail, connecting Bhuj to Ahmedabad, will also operate within the state.



- ✦ Under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, Indian civilisation, culture, and Sanatan Dharma have gained global respect
- ✦ The world's largest renewable energy park in Gujarat; Asia's largest greenfield city taking shape in Dholera

Shri Shah inaugurated 1,370 houses constructed under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, including 861 houses in the Thaltej area and 509 houses in the Vasna area, which were handed over to beneficiaries. He also inaugurated and conducted the draw for houses built under the slum redevelopment project in the Naranpura area. Additionally, Shri Shah inaugurated the Electrotherm Garden in Bopal and the Sports Activity Centre in Ranip.

Pledge to Plant Five Trees for a 'Green Gandhinagar'

Shri Amit Shah said that the people of Gandhinagar must take a collective pledge that during the monsoon season, at least five trees will be planted in every society, marking the beginning of a Green Gandhinagar Lok Sabha constituency. He emphasized that tree plantation is extremely important for future generations. Clean air, bearable temperatures, the chirping of birds, and a stress-free environment, he



said, can only be ensured through sustained tree plantation. Shri Shah noted that over the past five years, the green cover in the Gandhinagar Lok Sabha constituency has increased by 13.6 per cent, but stressed that this achievement should not lead to complacency. He said the goal is to ensure the plantation of five to fifty trees in every society, with the responsibility of watering and upkeep entrusted to local youth.

Highlighting urban transformation in his parliamentary constituency, Shri Shah said that spaces under bridges and overbridges—once marked by darkness and filth—have now been converted into small, well-designed sports complexes, libraries, yoga facilities, and open gyms. Calling upon citizens across the country, he said everyone should visit Ahmedabad to learn how public spaces can be effectively and meaningfully utilized.

Ahmedabad to Host the Commonwealth Games 2030

Laying the foundation stone for new sports complexes at three locations in Ahmedabad, Shri Amit Shah said that the city has already developed several modern sports complexes. World-class infrastructure and excellent coaching facilities for all international-level sports are now in place. After a comprehensive comparison of sports facilities, infrastructure, youth engagement in sports, and lodging and hospitality arrangements across more than 70 countries, India has been awarded the hosting rights for the Commonwealth Games 2030.

Shri Shah further stated that the World Police and Fire Games 2029 will also be held in Ahmedabad. As many as 13 international-level sporting events will be hosted in the city, positioning Ahmedabad prominently on the global sports map. He emphasized that after



A Resolve to Make India Global Power

Under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, India has achieved significant milestones that have resonated across the world, establishing the country's growing global stature. National security has been strengthened, the economy has gained resilience, and development is visible across all sectors throughout the country. Through a wide range of public welfare initiatives, focused efforts have been made towards poverty alleviation, improving facilities for the poor, developing infrastructure in both rural and urban areas, transforming India into a major global manufacturing hub, and implementing numerous schemes to generate employment and entrepreneurial opportunities for the youth.

India has recorded a doubling of food grain production, a nearly twofold expansion of the irrigation area, and a threefold increase in the procurement of food grains from farmers at Minimum Support Price (MSP). As a result of these achievements, India's civilisation, culture, and Sanatan Dharma are today being recognized and respected across the world. Under the leadership of Shri Modi, the people of the country have embraced the resolve to make India a great global power.

the Commonwealth and Olympic events, these sports facilities, stadiums, coaching centres, and hostels will not go to waste. Instead, Ahmedabad will emerge as one of the world's finest hubs for sports training across disciplines. He noted that in Ahmedabad, anyone aspiring to play sports now has access to all necessary facilities within a five-kilometre radius of their home. The city is home to the world's largest cricket stadium, the Narendra Modi Stadium in Motera, and construction has already begun on the even more expansive Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

Sports Enclave adjacent to it.

Shri Amit Shah said that when Shri Narendra Modi was the Chief Minister of Gujarat, the state pioneered the "Khelo Gujarat" initiative in the country. The objective of this programme was to encourage youth to give up addiction, lethargy, and negative influences, increase participation in sports, and move forward on the path of progress in life. The journey that began with Khelo Gujarat later evolved into Khelo India, and today sports are being actively promoted across all states of the country. ♦♦♦



Cooperatives Emerge as Hub of Opportunities for the Youth

- ◆ Emphasis on connecting youth with the cooperative movement
- ◆ Professional Training and Employment Are Receiving a Boost through the Cooperative Sector

Sahakar Jagran Team

The Central Government is making every possible effort to shape the future of youth through cooperatives by creating new avenues of employment and self-employment. The government is striving to make cooperatives a key pillar of the economy. In the past, cooperatives in the country were largely used for the upliftment of individuals or very small groups; however, the present government has prepared a comprehensive roadmap for their

expansion.

In this direction, not only are employment-oriented policies being formulated, but new opportunities across emerging sectors are also being explored. After the public and private sectors, the cooperative sector has emerged as a major platform for providing employment to youth. However, to meet the growing demand in the cooperative sector, there is a strong need for greater youth participation. So far, this sector has not been able to establish itself as a preferred career option for young people. In particular, youth representation at

the leadership level in cooperative institutions remains negligible.

At the initiative of Union Minister for Home and Cooperation Shri Amit Shah, steps have been taken to bring about comprehensive reforms in the cooperative sector. To connect youth with this sector, extensive provisions have been made in the new National Cooperation Policy. In addition, for the first time in the country, the Tribhuvan Sahkari University has been established, which will strengthen education and training in cooperatives for young people. This university will address the shortage of skilled professionals



By 2030, steps should be taken to increase youth participation in the cooperative sector from 10% to 30%

Establish more than 5,000 youth-led cooperatives

Create over 1 million employment and self-employment opportunities

Generate awareness about cooperatives among 60% of educated youth

Set a target of establishing more than 500 online cooperatives

in the cooperative sector.

The spirit of cooperation is not new to our country; it has been deeply embedded in our culture for centuries.

India's guiding principle of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam reflects this very spirit of cooperation, of which cooperatives are a practical expression. One of the six pillars of the National Cooperation Policy 2025 focuses on connecting youth with cooperatives and shaping their future through the cooperative movement. Under this pillar, provisions have been made for a comprehensive review of the measures taken to promote youth participation—examining the role of youth in cooperative leadership, their representation and treatment on the boards of cooperative institutions, the governance practices of young directors on these boards, and whether clear responsibilities are assigned to them. Without such systematic reviews, neither can the sector progress nor can greater opportunities be created for the youth.

Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has stated that India is a country of youth and possesses immense potential. To attract young people to the cooperative sector, there is a need for a new policy. With this objective in mind, a new National Cooperation Policy has been formulated, built on six pillars.

All these pillars aim to enhance youth participation in cooperatives and make the sector more attractive to them. It is also essential to examine how the future of youth can be shaped through cooperative education and training, and to clearly communicate how cooperatives can be beneficial for them.

Recently, the Prime Minister's Economic Advisory Council made a presentation focusing on these issues, outlining ways to connect youth with the cooperative sector and highlighting the opportunities available to them. Titled "From Job Seekers to Change-Makers: Encouraging Youth in Cooperatives," the presentation details the measures required to engage youth in the cooperative sector and also recommends setting specific targets. These targets include increasing youth participation in cooperatives from 10 per cent to 30 per cent by 2030; establishing more than 5,000 youth-led cooperatives across the country; generating over one million employment and self-employment opportunities; creating awareness about cooperatives among 60 per cent of educated youth; and setting up more than 500 online cooperatives nationwide.

Dr Kamal Kumar Tripathi, Joint

Secretary and Member of the Prime Minister's Economic Advisory Council, said, "This is a very significant time for the cooperative

sector. While the spirit of cooperation exists among youth today, they have drifted away from the cooperative sector. They must be brought back through cooperative principles. For this, it is necessary to explain and create awareness about what the cooperative sector is and how young people can build a career in it. Only through education and training can a large pool of skilled professionals be prepared for this sector. Cooperatives are a state subject."

States also need to undertake substantial reforms and sustained efforts to promote the cooperative sector. For instance, in several states, a minimum of 50 members is required to register a new cooperative, while in Jammu and Kashmir, the requirement is as high as 100 members. Similarly, the facility for online registration is not available in all states, despite the fact that we are living in a digital era. There is a clear need to bring about changes in many such provisions at the state level to make the cooperative sector more accessible and future-ready.

The Five 'E' Models of Cooperation

To enhance youth representation in the cooperative sector, the global



cooperative body—the International Cooperative Alliance (ICA)—has emphasized the adoption of the “Five E Model”: Education, Employment, Equalities, Engagement, and Entrepreneurship. This approach calls for formulating policies focused on education and training, strengthening human resources, and adopting technology-driven measures to make the cooperative sector more inclusive, dynamic, and attractive for young people.

Cooperative Education and Training

To connect youth with the cooperative sector, the foremost priority is to strengthen and develop cooperative education. In this context, at the initiative of Union Home and Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah, the Tribhuvan Cooperative University has been established. The university will promote higher education in the cooperative sector, prepare skilled professionals for the sector, and also offer recommendations and frame policies for introducing cooperative studies at the school and college levels.

In addition to integrating cooperatives into academic curricula, the establishment of cooperative stores, cooperative canteens, and credit societies in schools, colleges, and universities has also been recommended. This will not only help students gain a better understanding of how the sector functions but will also strengthen the spirit of cooperation among them.

Employment Generation for Youth

Along with education, there must be employment-oriented policies for youth. If young people do not find adequate employment opportunities in the cooperative sector after completing their education, they will never consider it as a viable career option. Therefore, providing

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The Modi government aims to build a cooperative sector in the country where young people, equipped with the best possible education, choose cooperatives as a viable career path. India’s core vision is to create a model of development based on collective effort—where growth is inclusive, balanced, and driven by the contribution of all.



-Shri Amit Shah

Union Minister for Home and Cooperation

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appropriate training is essential. Youth must be trained in securing jobs, managing finance and taxation, and acquiring technological skills. Training in technology is particularly crucial, as work in cooperatives related to management, marketing, finance, and banking requires strong technical competence.

The Prime Minister’s Economic Advisory Council has suggested that support systems be provided in areas where social security is weak. To expand employment opportunities, there is a need to develop new skills and new entrepreneurial activities, and to create a workforce engaged in shared ownership and various forms of collective bargaining. To further enhance employment prospects, the Council has recommended promoting entrepreneurship, increasing the number of cooperative incubators, improving access to capital for innovative entrepreneurship, providing a supportive legal framework, and facilitating ease of doing business within communities.

How Youth Can Be Attracted

Awareness: To draw youth

towards cooperatives, the greatest need—along with education—is to enhance awareness. Youth-centric campaigns should be organised for this purpose. Social media, influencers, and storytelling platforms should be used to highlight the success stories of young cooperative leaders. Youth Cooperative Ambassador programmes should be launched, enabling individuals associated with them to inspire people around them and generate greater awareness and interest in cooperatives.

Adopting Modernisation and Innovation: Modernising cooperatives, encouraging them to adopt innovation, and promoting digital cooperatives will also attract youth. It is essential to support youth-led cooperative organisations in sectors such as IT, e-commerce, renewable energy, and creative industries. In today’s digital world, it is difficult to engage young people without adopting digital tools. The present generation expects services to be available online. Keeping this in mind, cooperatives can attract more youth by adopting online membership systems, mobile



applications, and e-governance platforms. Innovation among youth can further be promoted through incubator and accelerator programmes focused on cooperative business models.

Access to Finance and Support Systems: There is a need to introduce youth-centric cooperative credit schemes so that youth-led cooperatives can access start-up grants or low-interest loans. Established cooperatives should partner with business mentors and advisory professionals to guide young entrepreneurs by providing counselling and training. The Prime Minister's Economic Advisory Council has also recommended simplifying and speeding up the registration process for setting up youth cooperatives, making it easier for young people to enter the sector.

Representation and Leadership: To enhance youth participation in the boards of directors of cooperative societies, cooperative unions, and federations, seats should be reserved for young representatives. The Prime Minister's Economic Advisory Council has suggested establishing dedicated youth wings within cooperative unions to increase youth engagement and provide them with leadership training.

Social and Environmental Focus: Among the measures to attract youth, there is also strong advocacy for aligning cooperatives with youth values. Cooperatives are encouraged to place greater emphasis on sustainability, inclusivity, and community impact—areas that resonate strongly with the younger generation. To promote social innovation, cooperatives should actively address Sustainable Development Goals such as clean energy, the circular economy, and gender equality.

To achieve the goal of a Developed India through

Strategy to Engage Youth under New Cooperative Policy

The National Cooperative Policy 2025 presents a roadmap to move the cooperative sector towards professionalism, empowerment, and innovation. The policy is not limited to strengthening cooperatives economically; it also lays special emphasis on integrating youth into the cooperative sector. To achieve this, two key initiatives form the core of the policy: the creation of a national-level apex institution for cooperative education, training, and innovation, and a comprehensive strategy to involve the younger generation in the cooperative movement.

Under the new policy, youth will be encouraged to pursue careers in cooperative enterprises. For this purpose, arrangements will be made for professional education and training across various cooperative-related fields. Special focus will be placed on equipping youth from rural and semi-urban areas with the technical skills required to secure employment in the cooperative sector. The policy proposes the establishment of a national apex institution dedicated to linking youth with the cooperative system and providing structured training. This institution will coordinate with state-level cooperative education and training institutes to groom future leadership, enabling more professional management of cooperative institutions.

The apex body will standardize curricula, admission processes, faculty recruitment, and evaluation systems. In addition, higher education institutions offering degrees and diplomas in social sciences will be encouraged to introduce cooperative-related courses. In line with this vision, the country has, for the first time, established the Tribhuvan Cooperative University.

The policy also envisages the development of an organized mechanism for training and skill development of personnel working in the cooperative sector. A comprehensive database of training institutions established or funded by the central and state governments will be created to improve access to and delivery of training. Furthermore, Centres of Excellence for cooperative education, research, and innovation will be set up. Social enterprise incubators will also be established in new and emerging sectors to promote entrepreneurship at the rural and community levels.

The new policy recommends the establishment of a National Digital Cooperative Employment Exchange to ensure direct and transparent linkage between qualified candidates and cooperative institutions.

cooperatives, it is essential to connect as many young people as possible with the cooperative sector. Youth are not only energetic but also bring fresh ideas, modern and new skills, digital expertise, and a strong spirit of entrepreneurship—qualities that are crucial for driving cooperatives forward. Moreover, they ensure generational continuity within cooperative institutions.

Young people also play a vital role in addressing local challenges and in promoting climate action, digital inclusion, and social entrepreneurship. Their willingness to take risks and their distinctive approach to uncertainty are important factors, making their integration into the cooperative sector beneficial for the nation's overall development. ♦♦♦



Union Minister for Home and Cooperation Shri Amit Shah Inaugurates Earth Summit

Earth Summit: A Decisive Platform Giving New Economic Direction



Sahakar Jagran Team

The objective of such summits is not only to strengthen the rural economy of the country, but also to re-examine various dimensions of rural development and arrive at outcome-oriented solutions. Inaugurating Earth Summit–2025 in Gujarat, Union Minister for Home and Cooperation Shri Amit Shah said that the summit has emerged as a decisive platform for providing economic direction to rural India. To achieve the target of tripling the contribution of the cooperative sector to the country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), PACS are being formed in every gram panchayat.

At the Earth Summit, Shri Shah launched more than 13 digital services. He said that Sahkar Sarathi,

- ✦ The cooperative spirit-based Sahkar Taxi will become the country's largest taxi service in the coming years
- ✦ PACS to be established in every panchayat, with a target to triple the contribution of cooperatives to GDP

developed by NABARD, will digitally empower rural banking. Holders of Kisan Credit Cards will now have access to world-class digital services. He said that this second summit is an important link in the series of three economic summits being organised across the country. Through these three summits, solutions to major issues related to the rural economy, involving four ministries, will be developed. He added that at the third summit to be held in Delhi next year, a coherent policy framework

based on all the deliberations will be presented.

Referring to the statements of Mahatma Gandhi, Shri Shah said that Gandhiji had asserted that if India is to progress, its vision of development cannot be realised without keeping villages at the centre. However, he noted that within a few years of Independence, this guiding principle was forgotten. Agriculture, animal husbandry, and cooperation—the three major pillars of rural development—remained



neglected for a long time. He said that in 2014, under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, a historic transformation began to make rural development the center of national development.

He said that the Central Government, with a holistic approach, has decided that in the coming years a cooperative institution will be established in every panchayat of the country. Through cooperatives, more than 500 million active members will be created, thereby increasing the contribution of the cooperative sector to GDP compared to the present level. He added that once these goals are achieved, no one will be left behind—whether it is a rural woman engaged in animal husbandry or a small farmer of the country.

Shri Shah said that in Gujarat, under the Sahkar model of cooperation, low-cost deposits worth thousands of crores of rupees have increased. Markets, dairies, PACS, and all cooperatives have now been integrated under a district cooperative umbrella. He said that a model has been implemented whereby all cooperative institutions maintain their accounts and savings exclusively with cooperative banks. This has led to a substantial rise in low-cost deposits. The process of increasing the credit capacity of the cooperative sector fivefold has begun, and it will be implemented across the country. Shri Shah said that through this summit, a concrete action plan is being prepared, following the Gujarat and Banaskantha models, to utilise 100 per cent of the full potential of priority sector lending.

Highlighting the importance of technology in the cooperative sector, Shri Shah said that without technology, cooperatives cannot move forward. Small cooperatives did not have the capacity to bear the



cost of technological infrastructure. NABARD has taken a historic step by providing more than 13 digital services to all rural banks through Sahkar Sarathi. All district central, state, agricultural, and urban cooperative banks will now come under a single technology umbrella. Modern banking technology will be made available without any financial burden.

Shri Amit Shah said that processes such as recovery, disbursement, KYC, legal documentation, appraisal, and website development will be fully technology-enabled, and real-time tracking systems will be implemented in rural cooperative banks. He also said that with the support of FAIK, a robust cooperative banking framework is being established. In the near future, farmers holding e-KCC will be able to avail facilities comparable to the world's most premium credit cards.

Shri Shah said that based on nationally prepared cooperative data, expansion plans will now be drawn up wherever gaps exist. Villages and regions in need will be identified instantly through software. The remaining scientific reforms under the project that has been underway for the past two years will be completed next year. He said that Gujarat has already established

a complete circular economy model in the dairy sector. Indigenisation of products has been achieved, and farmers are receiving direct benefits. Plans are now in place to replicate this model across the country.

Shri Shah said that at present, around 49 lakh farmers in the country are producing certified organic products. A national-level laboratory chain is being established in association with Bharat Organics and Amul Organics. More than 40 organic food products are now available online. He said that the target is to increase India's share in the global organic market by 2035. He added that multi-state cooperatives will procure produce from farmers and, after testing, export it to global markets, with the benefits being transferred directly to farmers' bank accounts.

Shri Shah said that as a key initiative of the Ministry of Cooperation, Sahkar Taxi has been launched, and even during the trial phase alone, 51,000 drivers have already been registered. In the coming years, it will become the country's largest cooperative taxi company. The taxi drivers themselves will be its owners, and they will be equal partners in the profits generated by the Sahkar Taxi cooperative society. ♦♦♦



Event Marking 115 Years of Veer Savarkar Ji's Poem 'Sagara Pran Talamalala'

Veer Savarkar's Life is a Symbol of Patriotism; His Magnificent Statue will Inspire Future Generations

- ★ The event is a historic moment that revives the memories of the freedom struggle: Dr. Mohan Bhagwat
- ★ The Prerana Park and Veer Savarkar's statue will continue to inspire future generations to steadfastly defend cultural nationalism: Shri Amit Shah

Sahakar Jagran Team

A special event commemorating 115 years of Veer Savarkar's poem "Sagara Pran Talamalala" took place in Sri Vijaya Puram, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, with the presence of RSS Chief Dr. Mohan Bhagwat and Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation Shri Amit Shah. On this occasion, they unveiled a grand statue of Veer Savarkar and inaugurated the Prerana Park. In their address, they said that this event is a historic moment that revives the memories of the freedom struggle. The RSS Chief



said, "Savarkar ji never thought of himself as belonging to Maharashtra or to any particular caste. In reality, at that time there was a need to die for the country, and today there is a need to live for the country. The new generation should understand his life. It is necessary to understand the path he was compelled to choose. He did everything with courage. We have to provide direction to our

children."

Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation Shri Shah said on this occasion, "Prerana Park and the statue of Savarkar, standing firm like him, will continue to protect cultural nationalism and inspire future generations towards realizing his dreams." He described Veer Savarkar's life as a symbol of patriotism. In his post on X, the

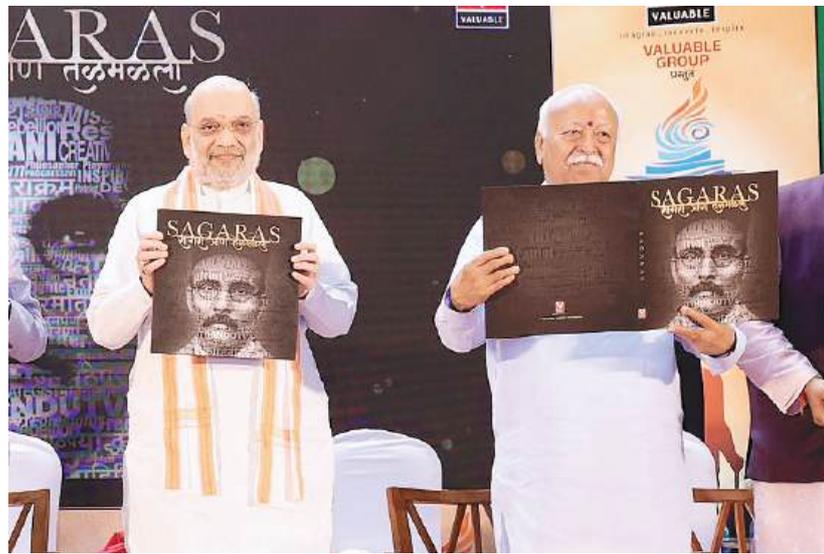


Home Minister wrote, “The life of Veer Savarkar will inspire boundless love for the motherland and the willingness to sacrifice one’s life for the nation.”

The unveiling of a life-size statue of Veer Savarkar on this sacred land of penance will make the occasion everlasting in memory. This statue will stand as a symbol of his sacrifice, resolve, and unwavering devotion to Mother India, and for decades to come it will convey to future generations the message of drawing inspiration from Savarkar’s life. It will convey the message of Veer Savarkar’s courage and sense of duty towards the motherland, and will become a major site for passing on his qualities of steadfastness, national unity, security, and the vision of a prosperous nation to the youth. Shri Shah said that the title of “Veer” was not bestowed upon Savarkar by any government, but by the people of the nation themselves. Even after being sentenced to two life terms, Savarkar continued to create literature in praise of the motherland, there can be no greater patriot than him.

Veer Savarkar himself laid the foundation of cultural nationalism through his ideological thought. Shri Shah said that among those who advanced a collective identity arising from the cultural values, traditions, and history of the Indian subcontinent, Veer Savarkar was its most ardent proponent. He stated that the British sought to impose a lasting burden of slavery and a colonial mindset on India through education, and therefore referred to the 1857 uprising as a “mutiny.” However, Veer Savarkar was the first person to replace the term “mutiny” with “War of Independence,” thereby carrying forward the true spirit of the nation.

Shri Shah said that Veer Savarkar’s poem Sagara Pran



Talamalala represents the pinnacle of the expression of patriotism. He noted that one of Savarkar’s statements is of great importance to his followers—that bravery is not the absence of fear, but the victory achieved over fear. Veer Savarkar lived by the idea that those who do not know fear may always appear brave, but true heroes are those who recognize fear and yet have the courage to overcome it. Shri Shah said that this place is going to become a major center for the youth to imbibe the call given by Veer Savarkar. He further stated that a person’s existence is not defined by the body alone, but also by the ideology one follows, what the soul holds as supreme, the culture one belongs to and one’s actions and that only India can truly recognize these three qualities embodied by Veer Savarkar.

Through the release of the coffee table book here, an effort has been made to encompass all the qualities of Veer Savarkar. Just as the ocean cannot be bound, it is extremely difficult to capture the heights of Savarkar’s life, his qualities, and his multidimensional personality within a book, a film, or a poem. Shri Shah said that numerous

efforts at different levels have provided future generations with a major means of understanding Savarkar. His life was both modern and rooted in tradition, carrying them forward together. He said that the contributions Savarkar made toward the eradication of untouchability were never duly honored by the country. Savarkar fought against all social evils within Hindu society at that time and continued to move forward despite facing social opposition.

Shri Shah said that Veer Savarkar made the ultimate sacrifice. He added that today there is no need to sacrifice one’s life for the nation; rather, there is a need to live for the nation, and only then can we build the India envisioned by Savarkar. When one closely observes Savarkar’s life, it appears that such a person will not be born again on this earth for centuries to come. Shri Shah said that Savarkar was a writer and a fighter, a born patriot, a great social reformer, and also a great author and poet. He was equally proficient in both prose and poetry and such literary figures are rare. He further said that Veer Savarkar contributed more than 600 words to enrich our vocabularies and complete our languages. ♦♦♦



Prime Minister Addresses a Media Organisation's Event in New Delhi India Emerging as Major Growth Engine of the Global Economy: Shri Narendra Modi



Sahakar Jagran Team

In this era of uncertainty, India is moving forward with confidence and reaching a distinct position of its own. When the world speaks of slowdown, India writes the story of growth; when the world faces a crisis of trust, India stands as a pillar of trust; and when the world moves towards fragmentation, India emerges as a bridge-builder. Today, India is becoming a key driver of global economic growth. Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi expressed these views while addressing an event organised by a media house in New Delhi.

Extraordinary Achievements Over the Past Decade

Describing India's achievements

- ✦ In a world marked by slowdown, distrust, and fragmentation, India is playing the role of a bridge-builder
- ✦ India's women power is doing remarkable work; today, daughters are delivering outstanding performance in every field

over the past decade as extraordinary and representative of a fundamental transformation in the country, Shri Modi said that this transformation is rooted in resilience, a solution-oriented approach to challenges, the clearing of clouds of uncertainty, and the expansion of aspirations. This is why today's India is not only transforming itself but is also shaping the future. The reforms and performance of today are paving the way for the transformations of tomorrow.

Referring to India's approach of working with a vision to harness the full potential of eastern India, the Northeast, villages, Tier-2 and Tier-3 cities, women power, innovative youth, maritime strength and the blue economy, as well as the space sector, Shri Modi said that unprecedented investments are being made in modern infrastructure, connectivity, and industry in eastern India. Villages and smaller towns are being equipped with modern amenities, small cities are emerging



as new hubs for startups and MSMEs, and farmers in villages are forming FPOs to connect directly with global markets. India's women power is achieving remarkable milestones, and the nation's daughters are excelling in every field. This transformation is no longer limited to women's empowerment alone; it is reshaping both the mindset and the strength of society as a whole.

Private Sector Excelling in the Space Sector

Referring to the opening up of India's space sector to the private sector, the reforms undertaken, and the results now visible before the country, the Prime Minister said that a private Indian space company, Skyroot, is working towards achieving the capability to build one rocket every month and is developing the flight-ready Vikram-1. The government provided the platform, and India's youth are building a new future upon it. This, he said, is true transformation.

Stating that reforms are taking place across every sector, India's pace is steady, its direction is coherent, and its resolve is nation first, Shri Modi said that the year 2025 has been a year of reforms. Among the most significant of these is the next-generation GST. This year also witnessed a major reform in the direct tax system. Emphasising the continuation of reforms, Shri Modi said that the definition of a small company has been revised. As a result, thousands of companies have now come under a framework of simpler rules, faster processes, and improved facilitation.

Describing India as the world's fastest-growing major economy, Shri Modi said that whether it is shipbuilding or defence manufacturing, the country today is striving to reach new heights in every sector. Earlier, even minor procedural lapses were treated as



serious offences, but to change this, the Jan Vishwas Act was introduced. Through this, hundreds of such provisions have been decriminalised. He added that under the Mudra Yojana, collateral-free loans amounting to ₹37 lakh crore have been extended so far.

Benefits to Citizens from the Pradhan Mantri Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana

Speaking about expanding India's horizons for a better future, Shri Modi said that it is essential to understand the country's future needs and find solutions in the present. This is why he often speaks about the Make in India and Atmanirbhar Bharat campaigns. Referring to the Pradhan Mantri Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana, he said that the scheme has given citizens an opportunity to participate directly in the energy security mission. People are now generating electricity themselves and are also

gaining financial benefits by selling surplus power, beyond their own consumption, to power distribution companies.

India Becomes an Exporter Instead of an Importer of Mobile Phones

Highlighting India's transformation from an importer to a major exporter of mobile phones, Shri Modi said that a reform was implemented 11 years ago, which led to strong performance. Today, the world is witnessing its transformative outcomes. Describing the journey of shaping tomorrow as one involving multiple schemes, policies, decisions, public aspirations, and public participation, Shri Modi said that this is a journey of continuity. It is not limited to discussions at summits, but represents a national resolve for India. This resolve, he said, requires cooperation and collective effort from all. ♦♦♦



Parliamentary Consultative Committee Meeting of the Ministry of Cooperation

Dairy Cooperatives Become Powerful Force for Welfare of Farmers



Sahakar Jagran Team

In line with Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's vision of 'Sahkar Se Samridhhi' dairy cooperatives have today become a strong force for the development of farmers. Cooperatives form the foundation of India's rural economy, increasing farmers' income, empowering women, and ensuring the country's self-reliance in milk production. The Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation, Shri Amit Shah, shared these facts while chairing the Parliamentary Advisory Committee meeting of the Ministry of Cooperation in Gujarat. Chairing the meeting at Banas Dairy in Tharad district of the state, Shri Shah said that dairy cooperatives are the most effective means to increase the income of every woman and make every household self-reliant.

He emphasized that grassroots-level societies will be linked with "insurance cooperatives," ensuring that rural communities have easy access to insurance services. Shri Shah also stated that dairy cooperative societies will be connected with insurance, enabling

★ White Revolution 2.0 aims to establish a cooperative society in every panchayat and a dairy in every district

people in villages to obtain insurance for two-wheelers and four-wheelers through the cooperative system. He urged cooperative institutions to invest in other cooperative institutions as well, ensuring mutual strengthening and capital expansion within the cooperative ecosystem. To further empower the cooperative system, he also provided new suggestions and guidelines.

Shri Shah said that three multi-state cooperative societies have been established at the national level for the dairy sector. Through these, the National Dairy Development Board (NDDB) and the Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy of the Government of India have launched White Revolution 2.0. The aim is to establish one cooperative society in every panchayat and one dairy in every district where sufficient milk is produced. This is a long-term program. He mentioned that in partnership with dairy technology institutions, Tribhuvan Sahkari University in Anand will start B.Sc. and M.Sc. courses in

dairy technology and management. Graduates of these programs will contribute to implementing the Banas Dairy model in districts across the country after completing their studies.

Shri Shah said that to ensure that farmers get full benefits from their milk, this initiative must succeed. Referring to the success of Banas Dairy, he stated that four state-of-the-art soil testing laboratories will be established in every district across the country, enabling farmers to scientifically evaluate soil quality. He added that excessive use of chemical fertilizers affects soil quality, and it is essential to educate farmers on when and which fertilizers-urea, DAP, and micronutrients-should be used. This will keep the soil healthy and increase crop productivity.

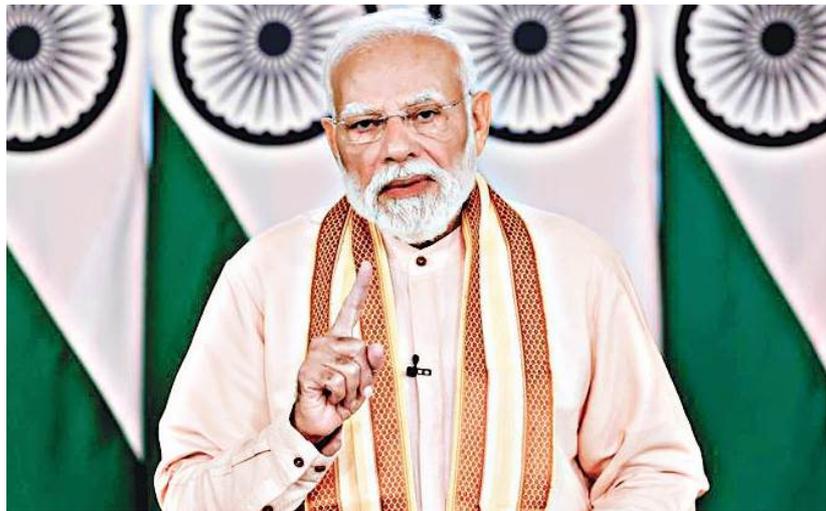
During discussions on India's dairy cooperative sector and the future strategy for White Revolution 2.0, the Parliamentary Advisory Committee was presented with a comprehensive presentation on the cooperative dairy sector. ◆◆◆

Vande Mataram Inspires us to Fulfill Dreams of Our Freedom Fighters: PM

Sahakar Jagran Team

Before independence, the great leaders of the country dreamt of a free India, whereas today's generation dreams of a prosperous India. Just as the spirit of Vande Mataram nurtured the dream of freedom, it will also nurture the dream of prosperity. If someone could envision a free India 50 years before independence, then 25 years before 2047, we too can envision a prosperous and developed India. With this mantra and resolution, Vande Mataram will continue to inspire us, remind us of our duties, guide us through its spirit, and unite the nation to fulfill this dream. Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi expressed these thoughts while initiating a special discussion in the Lok Sabha on the 150th anniversary of the national song Vande Mataram.

Vande Mataram is the mantra and call that energized and inspired the nation's freedom movement, showing the path of sacrifice and penance. The Prime Minister mentioned that the same sentiment was echoed by Lord Shri Ram, when he renounced the wealth of Lanka and said, "Mother and motherland are superior even to heaven." Vande Mataram is the modern incarnation of this great cultural tradition. It embodies thousands of years of cultural energy, contains the spirit of freedom, and reflects the vision of an independent India. Its composer, Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, revealed through it the powerful form of India. He wrote lines emphasizing that



✦ Vande Mataram revived ideas that have been deeply rooted for thousands of years

Bharat Mata is not only the goddess of knowledge and prosperity but also a fierce force who wields weapons against enemies.

Shri Modi said that Vande Mataram made millions of citizens realize that the freedom struggle was not for a piece of land, nor merely to seize the throne of power, but to break the chains of colonialism and revive the great traditions, glorious culture, and thousands of years of proud history. The deep connection of Vande Mataram with every citizen was expressed as a long saga of our freedom movement. Whenever any river is mentioned—be it the Indus, Saraswati, Kaveri, Godavari, Ganga, or Yamuna—it carries with it a stream of culture, the flow of development, and an impact on human life. Similarly, every phase of the freedom struggle flowed with the spirit of Vande Mataram, and its banks nurtured that spirit.

Recalling the sacrifices of martyrs like Khudiram Bose, Madanlal Dhingra, Ram Prasad Bismil, Ashfaqulla Khan, Roshan Singh, Rajendranath Lahiri, Ramkrishna Biswas, and countless others, the Prime Minister said that these heroes embraced the gallows with Vande Mataram on their lips. In world history, there is no other poem or song that has inspired millions of people for centuries toward a single goal and motivated them to dedicate their lives in the way Vande Mataram did. Vande Mataram is the mantra of freedom, the mantra of sacrifice, the mantra of energy, the mantra of purity, the mantra of devotion, the mantra of renunciation and penance, and it is the mantra that gave the strength to endure suffering. As we realize the dream of a self-reliant India, Vande Mataram continues to inspire us. ♦♦♦



Vande Mataram: The Most Powerful Slogan of Freedom & Culture, Says Shri Shah

Sahakar Jagran Team



Vande Mataram will never become irrelevant. When it was composed, it was needed

as much as it is today. At that time, Vande Mataram became a cause for freeing the nation, whereas in the Amrit Kaal, Vande Mataram will become the slogan to make the nation developed and great. These remarks were made by Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation, Shri Amit Shah while initiating a special discussion in the Rajya Sabha on the occasion of the 150th anniversary of the national song Vande Mataram. He said that the need to discuss Vande Mataram

★ Special discussion held in Rajya Sabha on 150th anniversary of Vande Mataram

★ Vande Mataram was, is and will continue to be a means of devotion to the nation

and to remain devoted to it existed at the time of its composition, existed during the freedom movement, exists even today, and will continue to exist even when India becomes a great nation in 2047.

Describing Vande Mataram as an immortal creation that awakens feelings of dedication, devotion, and duty toward Mother India, Shri Shah said that some people try to diminish the glorification of Vande Mataram by linking it to the elections held in West Bengal. However,

Vande Mataram has not remained confined to West Bengal or even to India alone; rather, wherever in the world there were people passionate about freedom, they would sing Vande Mataram even in their secret meetings. Even today, when our soldiers on the borders and police personnel responsible for internal security make the supreme sacrifice, the chant on their lips is Vande Mataram itself.

Describing the song Vande Mataram as a proclamation of

freedom, a call to liberate Mother India from the chains of slavery, and a source of inspiration for the freedom struggle, the Union Home Minister said that India's martyrs derive from Vande Mataram the inspiration to make the supreme sacrifice and even to dedicate themselves once again to Mother India in their next birth. Many great thinkers have also drawn inspiration from Vande Mataram to guide our ancient nation forward on the path of its culture for centuries.

He said that the ongoing discussions, glorification, and celebration of Vande Mataram will help our children, adolescents, youth, and many generations to come understand its significance and also make it the foundation for the reconstruction of the nation.

Referring to how Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, with great subtlety, re-established through the composition of Vande Mataram our core civilization, cultural nationalism, and the tradition of envisioning the nation as a mother and worshipping her, Shri Shah said that the government of that time tried to suppress it and imposed a ban on its singing. Those who uttered Vande Mataram were flogged and imprisoned. Yet, overcoming all those restrictions, the song touched the hearts of every individual without any publicity and its reach spread from Kashmir to Kanyakumari.

Shri Amit Shah said that during the period of foreign rule, many of our temples, universities, art centers, and systems of agriculture and education were destroyed, but no one could erase the essence of our culture from the collective consciousness of the people. At that time, there was a need to awaken and reorganize that spirit, and it was then that Bankim Babu composed Vande Mataram. Neither the British nor those who had accepted that alien civilization were able to stop



it. Vande Mataram awakened a nation that had forgotten its divine strength. It worked to awaken the very soul of the nation.

Describing culture as the mantra that binds India into a single thread, Shri Amit Shah said that it was because of this that the call of Vande Mataram worked for the first time to establish the principle of cultural nationalism. Today, the entire country is moving forward having accepted the concept of cultural nationalism. India is not merely a piece of land; it is the form of our mother, and we sing hymns of devotion to her—Vande Mataram is the very expression of that devotion.

In the composition of Vande Mataram, the contribution of the idea of Mother India in our lives has been described with deep emotion. It portrays Mother India as the giver of water, fruits, and prosperity; as adorned with flowers, one who fills the mind with joy; and as the embodiment of Saraswati, Lakshmi, and Durga. In a way, our prosperity, security, knowledge, and science can be attained only through the grace and worship of Mother India. The valor of Durga, the prosperity of Lakshmi, and the intellect of Saraswati can be bestowed upon us only by Mother India and the soil of the nation; therefore, she should be saluted again and again.

Shri Amit Shah said that the motherland alone gives us our

identity and language, becomes the foundation of the culture of civilized living, and provides us with the opportunity to uplift our lives. Nothing can be greater than the motherland, and this timeless, ancient sentiment was revived by Bankim Babu. In the pitch-dark, night-like period of slavery, Vande Mataram worked like a flash of lightning, igniting in the minds of the masses the enthusiasm to abandon the mentality of servitude and strive for the attainment of Swaraj. All the freedom fighters of our independence movement, while embracing martyrdom, uttered Vande Mataram as their final words.

Emphasizing that the roots of democracy in the country are very strong, Shri Shah said that the Prime Minister has named the period from 75 to 100 years of independence as the "Amrit Kaal." He has placed a resolve before the youth of the nation that this period, from the Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav to the centenary of independence, will be taken up as a challenge.

When the centenary of independence is celebrated, our country will be number one in the world in every field. This is the resolve of 140 crore Indians, and it will certainly be fulfilled. He said it is a divine coincidence that at the very time when we are celebrating the Amrit Kaal, the 150th year of Vande Mataram has also arrived. ♦♦♦



PM's Resolve Plays Crucial Role in Empowering Cooperative Societies

Sahakar Jagran Team

To realize the vision of "Sahkar Se Samridhi," the Ministry has undertaken several initiatives for the development of the cooperative sector. One such initiative is the approval of a plan to establish new multi-purpose Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS), dairy cooperatives, and fisheries cooperatives to cover all panchayats and villages across the country over the next five years. According to the National Cooperative Database, as of 15 November 2025, a total of 30,083 new PACS, dairy, and fisheries cooperative societies have been registered nationwide. Out of these, 15,793 dairy and fisheries cooperative societies have been financially and institutionally strengthened. These newly registered Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS), dairy cooperative societies, and fisheries cooperative societies are being supported in multiple ways. This information was provided by the Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation, Shri Amit Shah, in a written reply to questions in the Rajya Sabha.

In his reply, he stated that capacity-building programs are being conducted through the National Cooperative Training Council (NCTC) and NABARD for the members, secretaries, and members of the boards of directors of newly registered PACS. The NCTC has conducted 153 training programs, under which 6,817 cooperative personnel of MPACS have been



trained. Additionally, under the PACS Computerization Project, capacity-building programs have been initiated as part of implementation to support PACS in adopting and managing new ERP software. These include training for PACS personnel on modules such as the use of ERP, data entry and accounting, loans, procurement, and distribution, along with regular webinars, a helpline, and user manuals in regional languages to facilitate smooth adoption.

For dairy cooperative societies, assistance is provided through the National Dairy Development Board (NDDDB), which includes training of associated personnel, animal health services, breeding support, feed and fodder, cold storage facilities, and the provision of digital tools. For fisheries cooperative societies, support from the National Fisheries Development Board (NFDB) includes training, cage culture, adoption of biofloc technology, infrastructure

grants, and cluster-based wetland management. Under the Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY), the NFDB is facilitating the establishment of 6,000 new fisheries cooperative societies during the period from 2024–25 to 2028–29. Under this initiative, each newly established fisheries cooperative society is provided financial assistance of ₹3.00 lakh for establishment, maintenance, and training of members. A total of 1,225 newly established cooperative societies across 34 States and Union Territories have been supported with a financial grant of ₹3.00 lakh per society.

Creation of a Digital System

In a written reply to questions regarding strengthening the digital system in the cooperative sector, Union Minister for Cooperation Shri Amit Shah stated that the Ministry has taken several measures to



build a digital cooperative system in the country. With the objective of improving transparency and accounting, one such initiative is the PACS Computerization Project, under which all functional Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) are being brought onto a common national software platform. This platform captures end-to-end data for both credit and non-credit activities and ensures real-time record-keeping, operational accuracy, and transparency.

Through the common national software, a common accounting system, and a Management Information System (MIS), the performance of PACS is improved. In addition, governance and transparency in PACS are enhanced, leading to faster loan disbursement, reduced transaction costs, a decline in payment imbalances, and seamless accounting with District Central Cooperative Banks and State Cooperative Banks. The objective of this initiative is to increase farmers' trust in PACS.

Under this project, NABARD and the system integrator have provided Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software training and support to PACS. The software includes 22 modules, covering membership, loans, thrift deposits, savings, fixed deposits, pigmy deposits, lockers, purchase and sale, warehousing, procurement, investments, borrowings, assets, audit, governance, report builder, statistics, and legacy documents.

Computerization of RCS Offices

In response to a question regarding the computerization of RCS (Registrar of Cooperative Societies) offices to strengthen cooperatives in the country, Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah stated that the digital cooperative ecosystem is being expanded beyond PACS to the

Ranking Framework for Transparency and Efficiency in Cooperative Societies

A framework has been developed to improve and make the functioning of cooperative societies more transparent, allowing competition among cooperative institutions from PACS (Primary Agricultural Credit Societies) to apex (top-level) organizations. The framework will be based on the National Cooperative Database. Primary cooperative societies will be provided rankings region-wise as well as at the state, district, and block levels. The initiative to create such a framework was launched on January 24, 2025. Registrars of cooperative societies (RCS) of states and union territories will be able to prepare the ranking of primary cooperative societies in seven sectors through the National Cooperative Database (NCD) portal. This information was provided by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister, Shri Amit Shah, in a written reply to a question in the Rajya Sabha.

This ranking framework among primary cooperative societies helps enhance transparency, efficiency, and effectiveness within the societies. It also improves the credibility and competitive capability of their functioning.

The ranking framework enables the state and union territory RCS to assess the performance of cooperative societies based on key parameters, including compliance, operational activities, financial performance, infrastructure, and collectively weighted core identity information out of 100 points.

wider cooperative framework. The computerization of the Agricultural and Rural Development Bank, the Central Registrar offices of Multi-State Cooperative Societies, and the RCS offices of States/Union Territories under a centrally sponsored scheme enables paperless, transparent, and timely regulatory interactions.

The establishment of a shared service unit, Sahakar Sarathi, approved by the RBI for rural cooperative banks, strengthens financial and audit management through modern technology services. Under the RBI's Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, the onboarding accountability of cooperative banks and grievance redressal is improved. Additionally, the Cooperative Ranking Framework, launched on 24 July 2025, evaluates cooperative societies using digital parameters such as audit compliance, operational performance, and financial strength, thereby promoting transparency and competitiveness.

In terms of banking and

credit-related measures, initiatives include expanding the branch network of cooperative banks, extending doorstep banking services, and enabling cooperative societies in agriculture and rural livelihoods to benefit from higher housing and gold loan limits. These measures involve regulatory relaxations and enabling mechanisms to improve the flow of credit to these cooperatives

In response to a question regarding the provision of financial assistance to strengthen the cooperative sector, Shri Shah stated that key measures include reducing the surcharge for cooperative societies with income between ₹1 crore and ₹10 crore from 12% to 7%, lowering the Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) from 18.5% to 15%, and introducing a concessional tax rate of 15 percent for new manufacturing cooperative societies established before 31 March 2024. These important tax relief measures are aimed at supporting and promoting the growth of cooperative societies across sectors. ♦♦♦



Shri Amit Shah Speaks at the Bastar Olympics Ceremony

Bastar Set to Become Most Developed Tribal Region in Next Five Years

From 'Lal Salaam' to 'Bharat Mata Ki Jai': Bastar's Defining Transformation



Sahakar Jagran Team



Under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, we have resolved to make the entire Bastar region and India Naxal-free. It was decided that by 31st March 2026, the Red Terror across the country will be eliminated, and the country will be free from Naxalism by the end of March. These resolutions were reiterated by Union Home and Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah at the closing ceremony of the Bastar Olympics in Jagdalpur, Chhattisgarh.

He said that our work does not stop here. The government's resolve is to ensure that every person in Bastar has access to a house, electricity, toilets, piped drinking

- ✦ Naxalism will be eradicated from Bastar and the rest of India by March 31, 2026
- ✦ Every village in Bastar will be connected by roads, will have electricity, and banking facilities will be available within a radius of every five kilometers

water, a gas cylinder, five kilograms of grain, and free medical treatment up to five lakh rupees delivered to every household. The Bastar division, comprising the seven districts of Kanker, Kondagaon, Bastar, Sukma, Bijapur, Narayanpur, and Dantewada, is projected to become the most developed tribal division in India by the end of 2030.

Addressing Naxalites involved in violence, Shri Shah appealed

that those misguided individuals who still hold weapons should lay them down, take advantage of the rehabilitation policy, think about their own and their families' welfare, and join the resolve for a developed Bastar. He emphasized that Naxalism benefits no one—not those who pick up weapons, not the tribals, and not the security forces. Only peace can pave the way for development.

Regarding the government's



“

Our Bastar culture is one of the richest cultures in the world. The food, art, musical instruments, dances, and traditional games of all the tribes are among the richest heritage not only of Chhattisgarh but of all of India.

-Shri Amit Shah
Union Minister for Home
and Cooperation

”

rehabilitation plan for those who surrender Naxal activities and reintegrate into mainstream society, Shri Shah said that an attractive rehabilitation scheme will be launched for those who have surrendered and for those injured due to Naxalism. Our goal is the complete eradication of Naxalism, because Naxalites have been acting as a barrier to development in the region. With the elimination of Naxalism, a new beginning of development will take place in the region, and under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Modi, it will become the most developed area.

Over 700 Youth Leaving Naxalism to Join Bastar Olympics 2025 – A Matter of Pride

Shri Shah said that we have resolved to make Bastar the most developed tribal division in the country over the next five years. By November-December next year, during the Bastar Olympics-2026, the Red Terror will have been completely eliminated from across India and Chhattisgarh, and a



Overall Development in Tribal Districts through Cooperative Participation

Shri Shah stated that cooperative-based units will be established in Chhattisgarh for the processing of forest produce. Among the seven tribal districts of the Bastar division, there will be the highest milk production, and these districts will become income-enhancing districts for the people through dairies. Shri Shah also mentioned that special schemes will be implemented to address malnutrition.

Shri Shah said that Bastar is now changing, and it has become a symbol of the future, not fear. Where the echoes of gunfire were once heard, today school bells are ringing. Where building roads used to be a dream, today railway tracks and highways are being laid. Where slogans of “Lal Salaam” were raised, today slogans of “Bharat Mata Ki Jai” are being chanted. He affirmed that we are all committed to a developed Bastar. He further stated that the leaders of our tribal society have contributed significantly to this transformation. Their guidance has encouraged and motivated Naxalite youth, giving them both hope and courage. Addressing the community leaders and social workers, Shri Shah appealed that those who are still carrying weapons should be persuaded and brought back into the mainstream of society.

Naxal-free Bastar will be moving forward. Under the leadership of Shri Modi, the Government of India and the Government of Chhattisgarh will work shoulder-to-shoulder to develop Bastar into a model region.

Shri Shah stated that every village in Bastar will be connected by roads and have electricity, and banking facilities will be available within every five-kilometer radius. The government will work on establishing a network of Primary or Community

Health Centers. Bastar will also see new industries, higher education facilities, the best sports complex in India, and state-of-the-art hospitals. He added that the state government recently set up modern recording studios to preserve the traditional songs of the region. Many traditional festivals and celebrations, which were on the verge of extinction due to the shadow of Naxalism and the Red Terror, are also being revived and promoted by the government. ♦♦♦



'Sahkar Se Samriddhi' Vision Becomes Reality in India

Sahakar Jagran Team

The Union Minister of State for Cooperation, Shri Krishan Pal Gurjar, while inaugurating the Fourth Cooperative Fair held in Assam, said that under the decisive leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi and the guidance of Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation Shri Amit Shah, the national vision of 'Sahkar Se Samriddhi' is transforming into a strong reality. He described the establishment of the Ministry of Cooperation in 2021 as a historic step, stating that it provided the necessary institutional encouragement and a clear roadmap for building a comprehensive world-class cooperative system in India by 2047.

Appreciating the rapid reforms in the cooperative sector in the state of Assam, Shri Krishan Pal Gurjar said that the credit for this goes to the dynamic leadership of the state's Chief Minister Dr. Himanta Biswa Sarma and the efforts of the State's Cooperation Minister Shri Jogen Mohan. He added that due to active and effective implementation at the state level, Assam has emerged as a leading state in major national initiatives.

Assam has made remarkable progress towards 100 percent computerization of Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS), with more than 800 PACS adopting the new model bylaws. This progress is empowering youth and women. He mentioned that entrepreneurship is being promoted in various sectors



★ The cultural legacy of the great personalities Madhavdev and Srimanta Sankardev is the base of cooperative movement's resurgence

of the state. More than 32 lakh cooperative members in the state have also benefited from financial inclusion.

Union Minister Shri Gurjar said that Assam is now fully aligned with the ambitious goals of the National Cooperative Policy 2025. Under this, a target has been set to establish at least one cooperative institution in every village by 2026. He called for collective efforts to build a prosperous, self-reliant, and cooperation-based future for the state.

Shri Gurjar paid tribute to the great saints and luminaries, Shri Shrimanta Sankardev and Shri Madhavdev, stating that their teachings, based on unity, equality and social service, form the foundational principles of the cooperative spirit.

On the occasion of the Fourth Cooperative Fair, Assam's Cooperation Minister Shri Jogen Mohan described the fair as a vibrant platform for grassroots

empowerment. Appreciating the participants in particular, he said that by utilizing locally available resources and converting waste into useful materials, they have demonstrated self-reliance and remarkable innovation. Cooperative institutions are providing widespread benefits in various areas, from the production of essential goods to the success of women's Self-Help Groups (SHGs) and youth.

The state cooperative fair features participation from 160 cooperative institutions. It represents key sectors such as handloom, fisheries, dairy, agriculture, as well as youth- and women-led enterprises. The fair provides a strong platform to showcase local products, innovations, and success stories of cooperation. The fair ran for the next two days, featuring exhibitions, dialogues, and knowledge-sharing sessions. Its objective is to further encourage cooperative-based development in the state. ◆◆◆



IFFCO's Nano Fertilizers Play Key Role in Boosting Global Agriculture

Sahakar Jagran Team

By producing 93 lakh tons of urea and DAP, IFFCO has become a pillar of the country's Green Revolution. Today, IFFCO's nano urea and DAP are exported to Brazil, the USA, Oman, Jordan, and 65 other countries around the world. Embracing the inspiring words of Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation Shri Amit Shah, which highlight the achievements of India's premier cooperative institution IFFCO, IFFCO Nano Fertilizer has now reached the African continent in Botswana. Taking agricultural cooperation between India and Africa to new heights, the President of Botswana, Dr. Mokgweetsi Masisi, formally inaugurated the nano fertilizer program developed by IFFCO. This initiative to locally produce nano fertilizers in Botswana, tailored to the country's soil and climate using advanced nano fertilizer technology, is a historic achievement for IFFCO. It is a significant step for Botswana's agricultural sector, demonstrating that nano fertilizer technology is playing an important role in agricultural transformation even on other continents.

From the soils of India to the fields of Botswana, IFFCO's nano fertilizer technology is proving that when innovation and cooperation come together, transformative results in agriculture emerge. The launch of IFFCO Nano Fertilizer in Botswana is a vivid example of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's vision of "Prosperity



through Cooperation," i.e., "well-being through collaboration." This historic achievement demonstrates the power of global cooperation aimed at strengthening farmers' capabilities and promoting sustainable agriculture. It also fosters shared progress and prosperity.

The implementation of the Nano Fertilizer program in Botswana is being carried out through a tripartite partnership between IFFCO, India's National Agricultural Research and Development Institute (NARDI), and the local company 'Lone Trends' in Botswana. Under this partnership, the nano fertilizer technology has been adapted to suit Botswana's soil, cropping patterns, and local climatic conditions. Arrangements have also been made to train farmers to ensure the proper use of the technology and to develop sustainable and robust agricultural systems in Botswana. The arrival of nano fertilizers in Botswana is expected to bring a major transformation in the agricultural sector, improving soil fertility, increasing crop yields, and reducing production costs. This will also help establish long-term food security.

The launch in Botswana has

✦ Agricultural cooperation between India and Africa strengthens, President of Botswana formally launches IFFCO's nano fertilizer program

taken place at a time when IFFCO's nano fertilizer business is growing rapidly. In the financial year 2024-25, IFFCO sold 36.509 million bottles of nano fertilizers, which is 47 percent more than the previous year. This growth in IFFCO's products is primarily due to the quality and high demand for Liquid Nano Urea Plus and Nano DAP. IFFCO's Managing Director, Shri K.J. Patel, said via social media, "For IFFCO, which is already renowned worldwide for its cooperative reach and innovation, this launch is a great honor. Another global achievement has been added to our success. It demonstrates the increasing role of nano fertilizer technology in reshaping agriculture across different continents."

IFFCO has been continuously increasing its production capacity in the country. Two new plants recently inaugurated in Uttar Pradesh are now producing Liquid Nano DAP, raising the total production capacity of its five nano units to 950,000 bottles per day. IFFCO's nano fertilizer initiative is also closely aligned with the national mission to promote sustainable and efficient agriculture in the country. ♦♦♦



Pune's Cooperative Society Shows Way Forward in Cleanliness

Sahakar Jagran Team

In India, cooperative institutions operate mainly in rural areas.

They have played a significant role in the socio-economic development of rural communities. However, a cooperative institution based in Pune chose the city of Pune as its area of operation and decided to work in the field of cleanliness. In this way, through its work, the institution has shown people a new path and presented a new option for action.

In the year 2008, a cooperative society named SWaCH (Solid Waste Collection and Handling) was established. At present, it has 3,761 members. Instead of the traditional profit-centric approach of cooperative institutions, this society works with a perspective focused on the broader welfare of its members and workers. Through its activities, the society has provided its workers with a stable and sustainable livelihood, while also contributing to city cleanliness and offering a solution to the problem of environmental pollution.

More than 70 per cent of the members of the society are women, and over 93 per cent belong to socially and economically backward communities. They have been formally linked with the Pune Municipal Corporation (PMC). The workers of the society, in coordination with the PMC, contribute to maintaining the cleanliness of the city. The workers collect waste door-to-door and



manage it properly. In return, they collect a user charge from city residents. Waste collection workers contribute 200 rupees per month to the society. The society uses this money to improve the lives of its workers. Notably, this fund is also used to provide health insurance facilities to elderly workers.

The society empowers its members and ensures door-to-door garbage collection for city cleanliness. It provides training for the segregation of wet and dry waste and facilitates the conversion of waste into compost. This compost is used for plant nourishment and to enhance soil fertility. Proper waste management contributes to environmental protection and reduces carbon emissions. This also increases awareness in society, encouraging people to step forward for environmental conservation. The society has integrated more than 2,300 waste collectors into the sanitation services of the Pune Municipal Corporation (PMC).

They have been provided with identity cards, safety gear (gloves,

masks), and a structured working environment. This has enabled members to secure a dignified and safe means of livelihood. The society also runs programs for housekeeping, collection of old clothes, and production of organic compost from waste. This promotes a comprehensive approach to waste management.

The society is India's best model for integrating the informal waste sector into urban sanitation. The activities of the society demonstrate how efficiency, cost savings, and social justice can be achieved simultaneously. The society is doing remarkable work in the field of women's empowerment within the social sector. Women constitute 70 per cent of the total workforce of the society. This is leading to the development of leadership capabilities among women and their economic advancement. The society is India's largest cooperative run by self-employed waste collectors and other urban poor. It manages door-to-door waste collection for nearly 10 lakh households in Pune. ◆◆◆

Women's Cooperative Society Sets Example of Self-Reliance Through Sanitation

Sahakar Jagran Team

The proverb “Where there is a will, there is a way” has been turned into reality by a group of women from Birgaon (Chhattisgarh). By forming the Ujala Women Multi-Purpose Cooperative Society, these women have set a unique example of empowerment through sanitation. By cleaning the locality with their own hands, the member women have transformed not only the appearance of the area but also their own destinies.

The cooperative society was formed in the year 2017. At present, it has 187 women members. These women carry out their work through 17 groups. The objective behind forming the society was to provide employment, dignity, and security to economically weaker women. Today, along with keeping the city clean, they have made self-empowerment their mission.

Every day at 6:30 a.m., the women members of the society begin their work. First, they mark their attendance on the Nishtha App. After that, using e-rickshaws or tricycles, they collect garbage door-to-door. During this process, they also make people aware about cleanliness, waste segregation, and health. After this, from 11 a.m. onwards, wet and dry waste is separated. Wet waste is then converted into compost, while dry waste generates additional income.

Each woman member of the society is paid a monthly honorarium of six thousand rupees. By selling dry



✦ By contributing to cleanliness, women have transformed their lives and inspired others

waste, the society earns an additional income of 80 to 90 thousand rupees every month. The annual turnover of the society is 15 lakh 42 thousand rupees. It earns a total additional income of 2 lakh 74 thousand rupees. Whatever profit the society earns is distributed one hundred percent among its member women. The society has a reserve fund of 3 lakh 57 thousand rupees, which is kept secure for emergency needs.

Through this public-interest-oriented and innovative cooperative initiative—earlier considered socially degrading—the members once had to work with their heads bowed. Today, however, they receive respect and dignity. Along with sanitation, the society is increasing social awareness and is receiving public cooperation. The respect for the women of the

society is growing, and the habit of cleanliness is developing among city residents. As a result, environmental pollution in the city is decreasing. People are getting the opportunity to breathe clean air.

The impact of city cleanliness is also visible on citizens' health. People are now getting relief from illnesses, leading to economic savings as well. The people are appreciating this innovative initiative of the society and drawing inspiration from it. Others are also coming forward for cleanliness efforts. Environmental sensitivity is increasing, and steps are being taken for its conservation and enhancement. Through its efforts, the society has ignited a ray of hope—and this light is spreading brighter with each passing day. ♦♦♦



Shirish Purohit

The Role of Youth Cooperative Societies in Realizing Viksit Bharat

Cooperatives, with its model of working collectively, is becoming increasingly popular among people. Due to the visionary policies of the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi and the Cooperation Minister, Shri Amit Shah, the cooperative movement is making a significant contribution to the country's economic progress. The role of youth cooperative societies in making the nation developed will be unforgettable. Cooperative institutions are an organizational framework in which members work collectively to fulfill their economic, social, and cultural needs. Skill development and leadership development play an important role in these institutions so that the organization can function effectively and contribute to society.

To promote skill development in cooperative management, the NCDC, functioning under the NCUI, organizes leadership capacity-building programs and training camps from time to time. To increase the active participation of future generations in the cooperative sector, specialized curricula are being prepared. To realize the vision of "Sahkar Se Samridhhi" of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi and Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah, India's first Tribhuvan Sahkari University is being established. The various aspects of skill development in cooperation can be understood through the following points.

Technical Skills: The successful operation of a cooperative organization cannot be imagined without technical skills. When

members and office-bearers of the organization are technically proficient, cooperative institutions can perform comparatively better. Despite the many initiatives launched by the government for the advanced development of cooperation, the competence of members remains highly significant. Whether the cooperative organization operates in agriculture or manufacturing, the importance of proper training always remains. Along with production, efficiency in management and marketing is considered the foundation of the progress of cooperative organizations.

Understanding Organizational Structure: The objective of cooperative organizations formed for the collective development of society can only be achieved when the internal structure of the organization is strong. A better organization delivers better results. Communication with members and customers helps resolve problems. Effective dialogue and communication make it possible to take collective decisions and execute tasks as a team.

Regular organization of training sessions and workshops-such as teaching skills to members through digital platforms like e-learning-ensures the continuity of skill development and advanced training processes. For this purpose, seminars and workshops are organized on a regular basis.

Based on practical experience, evaluation is carried out so that, with government and institutional support, skill training through government schemes and NGOs is being delivered more effectively to needy and rural areas.

Leadership Development in Cooperative Institutions: Leadership development in cooperative institutions means building effective and responsible leadership that can provide direction to the organization and meet the needs of its members. Several important aspects of leadership development cannot be ignored. The first aspect is vision and planning. For cooperative members, creating a strategy with clear thinking to plan the future of successful cooperation is considered essential.

Collective Governance: To lead the organization in a unified direction, strong leadership is required. Motivating members and employees and maintaining commitment to the organization's objectives is essential. This helps sustain dedication toward the organization's targeted goals. For the successful functioning of cooperative societies, strong leadership capacity is necessary. Beyond routine operations, it is important for senior representative members to identify problems and implement effective policies for their resolution.

The participation of all members and moving forward together with them is considered mandatory in cooperation. Focusing on skill and leadership development in cooperative institutions is extremely essential for their success. This not only strengthens the organization but also empowers society through collective efforts. The government, NGOs and cooperative institutions should work together in this direction. ♦♦♦

Principal, Cooperative Training Centre, Naugaon, Madhya Pradesh



The National Cooperative Union of India (NCUI) has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Kairali Agricultural Multi-State Cooperative Society in Kerala to reduce carbon emissions in agriculture and provide additional income to farmers through carbon credits. NCUI Chief Executive Dr. Sudhir Mahajan, CEOs Shri Pradeep and Shri Latheesh, and other directors of Kairali MSCS were also present.



NCUI Chief Executive Dr. Sudhir Mahajan participated in the Executive Meeting of the Network for the Development of Agricultural Cooperatives in Asia and the Pacific (NEDAC) in Colombo and emphasized strengthening sustainable cooperative models, promoting regional partnerships and advancing NEDAC's vision. NEDAC Chairman Shri Pankaj Kumar Bansal stressed the growing importance of regional cooperation among agricultural cooperatives.



The NCUI organized a one-day awareness program on 'Cooperation' for students of the Institute of Information Technology and Management (IITM) in New Delhi, where NCUI Chief Executive Dr. Sudhir Mahajan and Deputy Chief Executive Smt. Savitri Singh guided the participants on the immense opportunities in the cooperative sector. Executive Directors Shri Rajiv Sharma and Shri Ritesh Dey, and Deputy Director Shri Anant Dubey also participated.



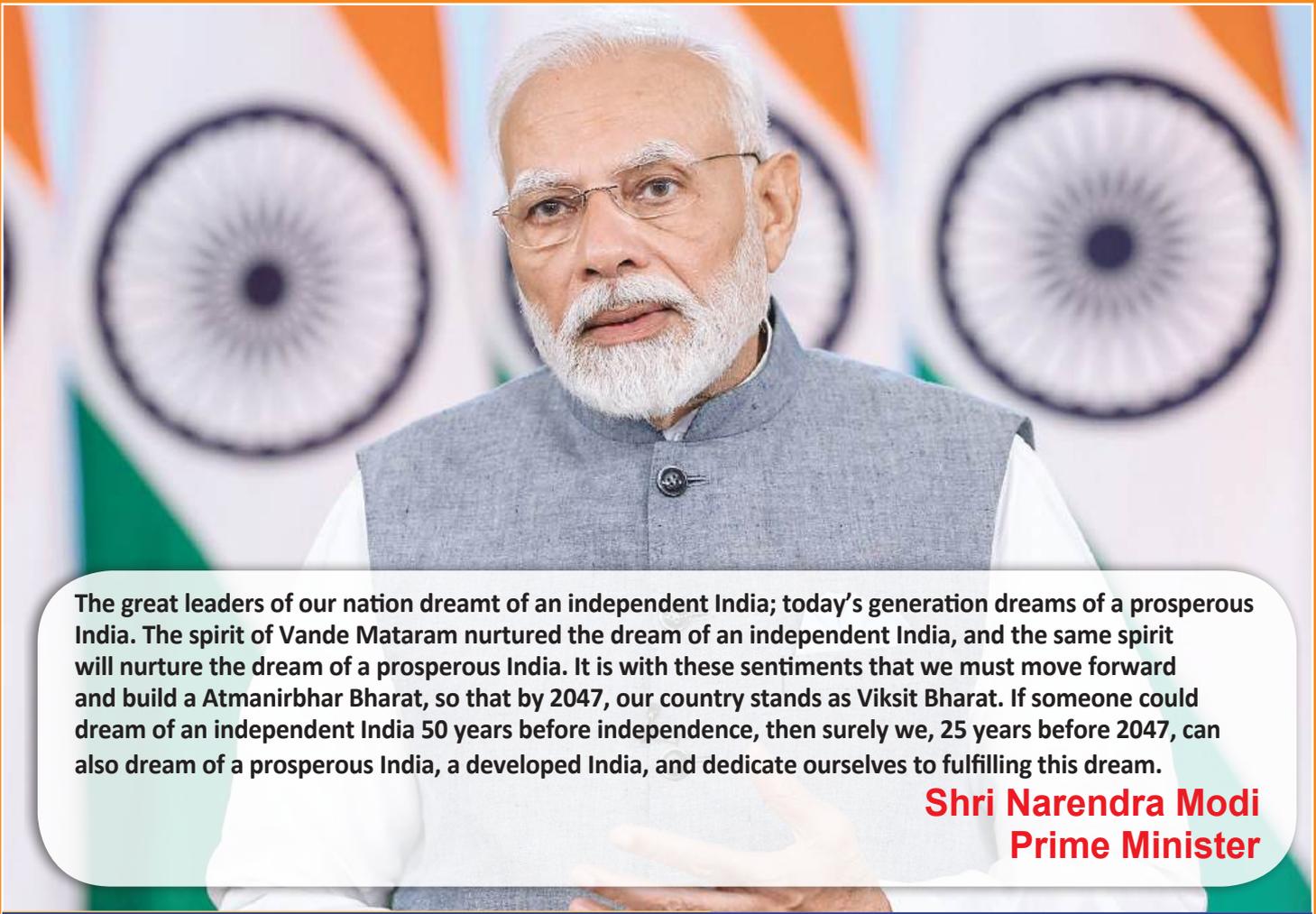
All 36 participants of the 30th Diploma Session in Cooperative Education and Development at NCUI's National Centre for Cooperative Education (NCCE) took part in a contact program. During the session, NCUI's Deputy Chief Executive, Smt. Savitri Singh, shared fundamental insights with the participants. The program was further enriched by Dr. K. K. Tripathi, Joint Secretary in the Prime Minister's Office (PMO), who guided the participants on the theme "Moving Forward Together: Realizing Sahkar Se Samridhi."



The National Cooperative Union of India (NCUI), through its National Centre for Cooperative Education (NCCE), organized a two-day training program on 'Cooperation and Cooperative Management' for KRIBHCO's Hazira unit. 38 KRIBHCO officers participated in the program, receiving comprehensive answers to their questions about the multifaceted initiatives in the cooperative sector and gaining guidance on practical aspects.



Participants of the Cooperative Sector Diploma Program, conducted by NCUI, visited KRIBHCO in New Delhi to gain an understanding of the federation's functioning and role. During the visit, they were briefed on scientific testing, quality control and initiatives aimed at enhancing agricultural productivity. Exposure to the seed testing and soil testing laboratories provided them with practical insights into cooperative-led agricultural development and familiarized them with KRIBHCO's operational framework.



The great leaders of our nation dreamt of an independent India; today's generation dreams of a prosperous India. The spirit of Vande Mataram nurtured the dream of an independent India, and the same spirit will nurture the dream of a prosperous India. It is with these sentiments that we must move forward and build a Atmanirbhar Bharat, so that by 2047, our country stands as Viksit Bharat. If someone could dream of an independent India 50 years before independence, then surely we, 25 years before 2047, can also dream of a prosperous India, a developed India, and dedicate ourselves to fulfilling this dream.

Shri Narendra Modi
Prime Minister



NCUI Haat is pioneering a collaboration between NCUI and lesser-known cooperative institutions, offering a unified platform for product sales and exhibitions. Through its innovative online portal, NCUI Haat is fostering an environment to realize the vision of 'Sahakar se Samridhhi'.

CEAS-LMS Portal

Cooperative Extension & Advisory Services-Learning Management System, i.e., (CEAS-LMS), is first-of-its-kind online platform which provides Information and Services required by Cooperative Members, Leaders, Managers and General Public. It is being run under 3 components:

1. **LMS:** Learning Management System (**LMS**) focuses on educating its registered members on all elements of Cooperative Education.
2. **QMS:** Query Management System (**QMS**) is a platform where users can express their concerns pertaining to Cooperatives, in order to receive a quick and high quality advices.
3. **CRC:** Cooperative Resource Centre (**CRC**), is a platform for stakeholders to collaborate and exchange Cooperative related information and knowledge.



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